## PMAC211 Multi-channel power meter

### Installation & Operation Manual V1.0







#### Danger and warning!

- ◆ The device should be install by qualified people
- ◆ The manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any accident caused by the failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

# A

#### Risks of electric shocks, burning, or explosion

- This device can be installed and maintained only by qualified people.
- Before operating the device, isolate the voltage input and power supply and short-circuit the secondary windings of all current transformers.
- Use a reliable voltage measurement device to make sure voltage cut off.
- Put all mechanical parts, doors, or covers in their original positions before energizing the device.
- Always supply the device with the correct working voltage during its operation.

Failure to take these preventive measures could cause damage to equipment or injuries to people.

#### Note:

#### ① What is the meter ID?

You can find the S/N on the meter house. As picture 1-1

The last The last two numbers is the meter's ID address. (But if the last two numbers are "00", then use "100" as meter ID address)

For example: if the S/N number is 15023876, then the meter ID is 76

If the S/N number is 15033800, the the meter ID is 100.



picture 1-1

### ② Communication setting

8 data bit 1 stop bit

No parity

Baud rate: 9600bps (default)

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#### 1. Product Information

electronic parameter of multi circuits, energy consumption and alarm for parameter.

One PMAC211 can maximum monitor 4 three phase circuit, small size to save space,
RS485 port to communication, suitable for low voltage power distribution system and
energy efficiency management etc..applications.

PMAC211 Multi-channel power meter can be used for monitoring low voltage

Products main function as below:

- ◆ Three phase AC voltage measurement
- Frequency measurement
- 3 phase current, 3 phase active power, 3 phase reactive power, 3 phase apparent power, 3 phase power factor, 3 phase active energy, 3 phase reactive energy for each circuit
- Total active power, total reactive power, total apparent power, total power factor, total active energy, total reactive energy for each circuit
- Over limit alarm for current, over/under limit alarm for voltage, LED light flash when alarm occurs
- ♦ One RS485 communication, MODBUS-RTU protocol

## 2. Technical Specification

### 2.1 Technical parameter

Parameter	Range	
Power supply	AC 85~265V , DC100~300V , Power los	ss≤2W
Rated input voltage	3×220/380V 45Hz~65Hz	
Rated input current	Connection with standard external CT	
	Power frequency withstand voltage	2000VAC
Insulating property	Insulation resistance	≥ 100MΩ
	Impulse withstand voltage	6000V
IP index	IP52(front panel) , IP20 (case)	

### 2.2 Measuring range and accuracy

Item	Range	Accuracy	Resolution	
Voltage	AC 0~500V	0.5%	0.1V	
Current	AC 0~600A	Solid core: 0.5%	0.44	
Current	AC 0~600A	Split core: 1.0%	0.1A	
Active Device	Each phase:	Solid core: 1.0%	0.4 \	
Active Power	0~216kW	Split core: 2.0%	0.1 W	
Reactive	Each phase:	Solid core: 2.0%	0.4.\/	
Power	0~216kVar	Split core: 3.0%	0.1 Var	
Power Factor	0 ~ 1.0	1.0%	0.001	
Frequency	45 ~ 65 Hz	0.01Hz	0.01 Hz	
A ativa Ename	0 00000000 0144/h	Solid core: 1.0%	0.4.140/b	
Active Energy	Active Energy 0 ~ 99999999.9kWh		0.1 kWh	
Reactive	0 0000000 01/10-16	Solid core: 2.0%	0.4 la comb	
Energy	0 ~ 99999999.9KVarh	Split core: 3.0%	0.1 kvarh	

## 2.3 Electromagnetic compatibility

Item	Standard	Level	
Electrostatic discharge	GB/T17626.2-2006	1 1 4	
immunity	(IEC61000-4-2:2001)	Level 4	
RF Electromagnetic field	GB/T17626.3-2006	Laval 4	
radiated immunity	(IEC61000-4-3:2002)	Level 4	
Electrical fast transient	GB/T17626.4-2008	Level 4	
pulse group immunity	(IEC61000-4-4:2006)		
Current (inner ont) inner unity	GB/T17626.5-2008	l evel 4	
Surge (impact) immunity	(IEC61000-4-5:2005)	Level 4	
Radio frequency	GB/T17626.6-2008	Laval 2	
interference immunity	(IEC61000-4-6:2006)	Level 3	
Electromagnetic	GB 9254-2008	Daga	
emission limits	(CISPR22 : 2006)	Pass	

## 2.4 Working environment

Name	Parameter
Install environment	Indoor
Working temperature	-10℃~+55℃
Limit working temperature	-20℃ ~+55℃
Storage temperature	-40℃ ~ +70℃
Humidity	5% ~ 95%, non-condensing

#### 3. Model Information

#### 3.1 Order Information

PMAC2	PMAC211		
	0 2		
① Nur	nber of the circuit		
1	1 1 Channel		
4	4 Channel		
② Type	② Type of the current transformer		
Α	LACT-100C1	100A solid core CT ( 100A/100mA )	
В	LACT-100K1	100A split core CT ( 100A/33.3mA )	

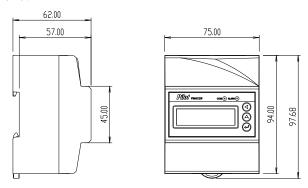
### 3.2 Accessory information

There are 2 kinds of current transformers, please refer to Chapter 4 for their appearance and dimension.

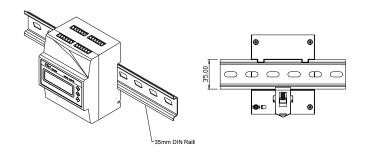
### 4. Product Installation

#### 4.1 Dimension & Installation of main model

Unit: mm

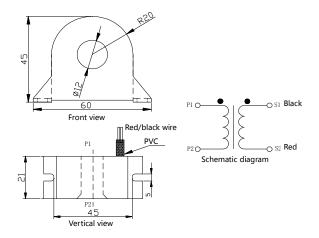


Picture 4.1 PMAC211 Dimension

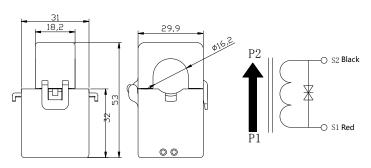


Picture 4.2 PMAC211 Installation

#### 4.2 Dimension of Current Transformer

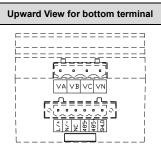


Picture 4.3 LACT-100C1 solid core CT dimension



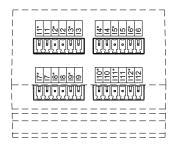
Picture 4.4 LACT-100K1 split core CT dimension

### 4.3 Terminal Definition



Mark	Definition	Mark	Definition
L/+	Power supply Positive	VA	Phase A voltage
N/-	power supply negative	VB	Phase B voltage
NC	Null	VC	Phase C voltage
485-	RS485-	VN	Neutral Voltage
485+	RS485+		
SHLD	Communic-ation Shield		

#### Top view for upper terminal

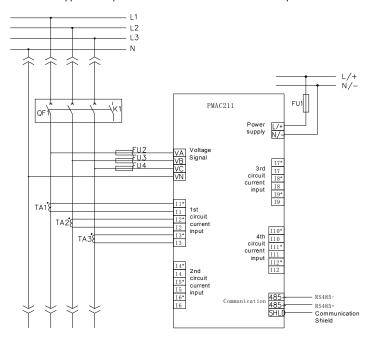


Mark	Definition	Mark	Definition
I1	1 <sup>st</sup> circuit phase A current	14	2 <sup>nd</sup> circuit phase A current output
	output		
l1*	1 <sup>st</sup> circuit phase A current	14*	2 <sup>nd</sup> circuit phase A current input
11	input	14	2 circuit phase A current input
12	1 <sup>st</sup> circuit phase B current	15	2 <sup>nd</sup> circuit phase B current
IZ	output	lo lo	output
12*	1 <sup>st</sup> circuit phase B current	15*	2 <sup>nd</sup> circuit phase B current input
12	input	15	2 Circuit phase B current input
13	1 <sup>st</sup> circuit phase C current	16	2 <sup>nd</sup> circuit phase C current
10	output	10	output
13*	1 <sup>st</sup> circuit phase C current	16*	2 <sup>nd</sup> circuit phase C current input
13	input	Ю	2 Gircuit priase C current input

Mark	Definition	Mark	Definition
17	3 <sup>rd</sup> circuit phase A current	110	4 <sup>th</sup> circuit phase A current output
	output		
17*	3 <sup>rd</sup> circuit phase A current	110*	4 <sup>th</sup> circuit phase A current input
17	input	110	4 Circuit phase A current input
18	3 <sup>rd</sup> circuit phase B current	111	4 <sup>th</sup> circuit phase B current output
10	output	TIT 4 Circuit phase B current c	4 Circuit phase is current output
18*	3 <sup>rd</sup> circuit phase B current	I11*	4 <sup>th</sup> circuit phase B current input
10	input	1111	4 Circuit phase B current input
19	3 <sup>rd</sup> circuit phase C current	112	4 <sup>th</sup> circuit phase C current output
19	output	112	4 Circuit priase C current output
19*	3 <sup>rd</sup> circuit phase C current	l12*	4 <sup>th</sup> circuit phase C current input
19	input	112	4 Circuit priase C current input

#### 4.4 Typical wiring

PMAC211 support three phase 4 wires connection mode as below picture:

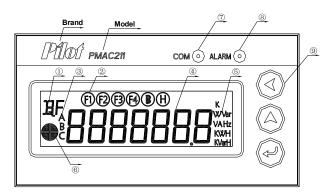


#### Note:

- 1. The no mark terminal is invalid
- 2. The main model can connect split core CT or sold core CT
- 3. Current input for  $2^{nd}$  ,  $3^{rd}$  ,  $4^{th}$  circuit is the same as  $1^{st}$  circuit current input

### 5. Display and operation

### 5.1 Introduction for display



#### Introduction for display:

- ① : Prompt for real -time data type
- $\ensuremath{ 2}$  : Prompt for circuit, for example: F1 means 1st circuit, F4 means 4th circuit
- ③ :3 phase prompt, for example: when display voltage data, display F1 and B prompt, means 1<sup>st</sup> circuit phase B voltage
- ④: Real-time data display area
- ⑤: Real-time data unit
- ⑥ : Distinguish alarm threshold value, when display upper hemicycle, means up per alarm, when display bottom hemicycle, means low alarm
- ①: Communication indication light;
- 8 : Alarm indication light ;
- 9: Button;

#### 5.2 Button introduction

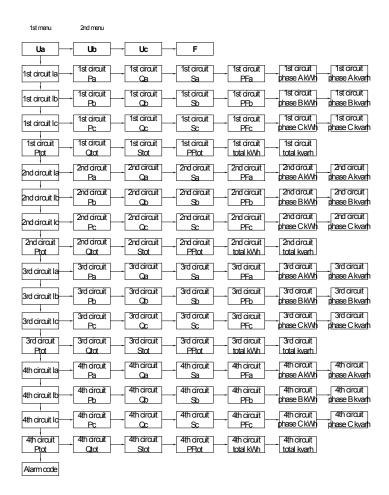
In different interface, there has different function for the same button.

symbol		Real-time	Configuration	on interface
Syllibol	Definition	data interface	Inquiry configuration	Modify configuration
	Left button	Turn page in 2nd menu	\	Move data bit
	Up button	Turn page in	Turn to real-time data display interface	Plus 1 of the data
	Enter button	Enter configuration interface	Enter modify configuration interface	Confirm modification/back to inquiry configuration interface

## 5.3 Real-time data inqiry

Real-time data follow with 1<sup>st</sup> menu, 2<sup>nd</sup> menue display format, the tree diagram of the menu as below:

 $1^{st}$  row of real-time data menu tree diagram is  $1^{st}$  menu, each line is the  $2^{nd}$  menu corresponding of the  $1^{st}$  menu.



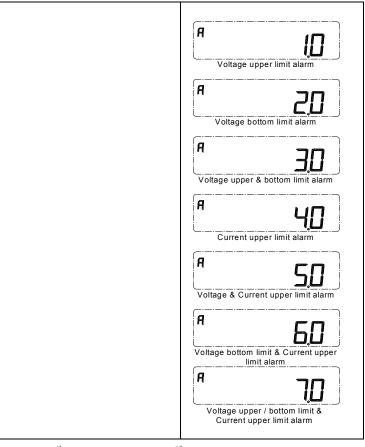
#### Step to inquiry real-time data:

Step to inquiry real-time data.	
	When power on, display as below:    U   2220   V     Phase A voltage
Press button continuously, you can see the data one after another	Phase B voltage  Phase C voltage
Press  button to enter into next menu	Frequency  Frequency  1 A

Press dutton continuously, you can see the data one after another	1st circuit phase A active power  1st circuit phase A reactive power
	1st circuit phase A apperant power  PF ①  1st circuit phase A power factor  E A  ①  [ Note: The content of the
	1st circuit phase A active energy
Press button to enter into next menu	I ® SOB ^  1st circuit phase B current

Press button continuously, you can see the data one after another	1st circuit phase B active power  1st circuit phase B reactive power
	1st circuit phase B apperant power  PF B
Press button to enter into next menu	c C 1st circuit phase C current

Press button to enter into next menu	P B D D S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
(other circuit data inquiry is the same as 1 <sup>st</sup> circuit)	
Press button to enter into next menu (when alarm occurs, the alarm indication light will flash once per 2s)	R DD No alarm
	Different alarm code means different type of alarm

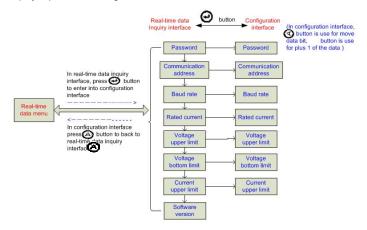


Other 1<sup>st</sup> menu and corresponding 2<sup>nd</sup> menu operate and display is the same as above description.

When there has no operation in 3 minutes, the display will automatically turn to Phase A voltage interface.

#### 5.4 Parameter configuration

Below is the structure for parameter configuration interface , from real-time inquiry to parameter configuration interface:



#### Parameter setting range:

Item	Data range	Illustration
Password	1	Initial value is 1
Communication address	1~247	Initial value is 1
Communication baud rate	4800bps or 9600bps	Initial value is 9600bps 0: 4800bps; 1: 9600bps;
Rated current	50~600A	Default 100A
Voltage upper limit	0~280.0V , 0 means alarm close	Alarm action: when the value larger then setting value  Alarm return: 5s later after the action condition disappear
Voltage bottom	0~220.0V , 0 means alarm close	Alarm action: when the value smaller then setting value  Alarm return: 5s later after the action condition disappear
Current upper limit	0~800.0A , 0 means alarm close	Alarm action: when the value larger then setting value  Alarm return: 5s later after the action condition disappear

#### Step for parameter setting:

		T T
1.	In any real-time data inquiry interface,	Input password
	press button, enter into configuration mode	° 000 I
2.	Press button once, the single digit	
	flash for enter password	
3.	Press button once, to change the	
	single digit to 1 (default password is 1 )	
1.	Press button until it display A	Set communication address
2.	Press button once, then the data	A SS
	bit flash	¦"
3.	Press button once to modify value	<u>                                   </u>
4.	Press button once to confirm the	
	new value	
1.	Press button until it display b	Set communication baud rate
2.	Press button once , the value	[
	flash	P GEUU
3.	Press button once to modify baud	<u>                                   </u>
	rate	
4.	Press botton once to confirm the	
	new baud rate	
1.	Pree until it display I	Set rated current
2.	Press button once , the value flash	

3. Press button once to modify baud rate  4. Press botton once to confirm the new value	100 ·
Press until it display U     Press button once , the value flash	Set voltage upper limit value
3. Press button once to modify baud rate 4. Press botton once to confirm the new value	000
1. Press until it display U 2. Press button once , the value flash 3. Press button once to modify baud rate	Set voltage bottom limit value
4. Press botton once to confirm the new value	
1. Press until it display I	Set current upper limit value
2. Press button once, the value flash 3. Press button once to modify baud rate 4. Press botton once to confirm the new	
value	
Note: when display current upper limit al arm, it means 1 <sup>st</sup> circuit phase A current	
upper limit, but after setting, it will sync	

hronized updating all the three phase cir cuit current upper limit	
Press button to enter software version interface ( read only)	113

#### Note:

When there is no operation in 3 minutes, the display will automatically turn to Phase A voltage interface.

### 6. MODBUS Protocol

PMAC211 provide one RS485 communication port, use MODBUS-RTU communication protocol.

8 data bit

1 stop bit

No parity

Please kindly refer to "PMAC211\_MODBUS protocol and register list" for more detail about the register list.

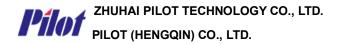
# 7. Failure recovery

Probably problem	Probably reason	Solution
Indication light no light on after input control power supply	Power supply don't connect well	Check if the power supply terminal has input correct working voltage  Check if the control power supply is burned
	Incorrect voltage value	Check if VN connect is OK  Check if the monitored voltage is mismatch of the device rated parameter  Check if the monitored current is
Monitor incorrect value	value	mismatch of the device rated parameter
	Incorrect power value	Check if set correct monitor mode  Check if the phase sequene of corresponding voltage and current is correct or not  Check if the terminal of current is correct

	Incorrect communication address	Check if the setting address is correct according to the definition
Upper device can't	Incorrect communication baud rate	Check if the setting baud rate is correct according to the definition
communication with device	Communication link haven't connect with terminal resistance	Check if has input 120 $\Omega$ resistance
	Communication link been Interrupted	Check if the communication shield is connect well with earth
	Communication stop	Check if the communication cable is disconnect

### Note:

- PILOT reserves the right to modify this manual without prior notice in view of continued improvement.
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